CHARTER



TITLE: BOARD CHARTER DATE: 25/07/2023

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This document is not to be considered in isolation, but in relation to its position in the document hierarchy as illustrated under section heading: document hierarchy and questions.

1 ENDORSEMENTS

Sign off	Signature and date	Name and title	Business unit	
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Endorsed by: (where applicable)	m/lephed Date: 25/07/2023	Michelle Shepherd Chair	Board of Directors	
Approver (level 3 manager or above):	Date://			
Approval details				
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2 INTRODUCTION

This document describes the purpose, structure, responsibilities and membership of the Electricity Generation and Retail Corporation trading as Synergy (**Synergy**) board.

It is mandatory to apply this charter in the conduct of all board activities.

2.1 Responsibility

The company secretary is responsible for maintaining this charter.

3 REVIEW

This document must reviewed every two years.



4 ROLE

4.1 legislation authorising board creation

In accordance with section 11 of the *Government Trading Enterprises Act 2002* (WA) (the **GTE Act**), 1 governing authority of the Electricity Generation and Retail Corporation trading as Synergy (**Synergy**) is vested in the board.

4.2 general role of the board

The board may in the name of Synergy and subject to the GTE Act, perform the functions, determine the policies and control the affairs of the corporation (section 11(2) of the GTE Act). The central role of the board is to provide strategic guidance for Synergy and to provide effective oversight of Synergy's management and its business activities.

5 DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

5.1 board's responsibilities

The board's responsibilities include:

Strategy

- (a) approving and guiding management in the development of Synergy's annual strategic development plan and statement of corporate intent;
- (b) providing input into and final approval of management's development of corporate strategy and performance objectives;
- (c) further developing planning processes, including Synergy's strategic plan;
- (d) monitoring senior management's performance and implementation of strategy, and ensuring appropriate resources are available;

Governance and oversight of management

- (a) appointing and removing the chief executive officer, including approving remuneration and conditions of service of the chief executive officer and remuneration policy and succession plans for the chief executive officer;
- (b) appointing and, where appropriate, removing the company secretary or company secretaries;
- (c) approving the appointment or removal of a member of staff as an executive officer;
- (d) noting any material change to the role of senior executive:
- (e) noting succession plans for senior executives;
- (f) approving performance objectives for the CEO and monitoring performance against those objectives;
- (g) approving measurable objectives for achieving inclusion and diversity and Synergy's progress in achieving those objectives;

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In accordance with section 5 of the GTE Act, the GTE Act, in relation to the *Electricity Corporations Act 2005* (WA), is to be read together as if they form a single Act.



- (h) approving material changes to board level policies;
- (i) approving Synergy's remuneration framework and annual budgeted remuneration increases;
- (j) approving incentive plans, including the design and implementation of incentive schemes, if any;

Stakeholders

monitoring and overseeing Synergy's stakeholder relationship strategy and its implementation;

Board membership, committees and performance

- (a) consulting with the Minister in relation to appointment of any person as a director of Synergy in accordance with section 13 of the GTE Act;
- (b) reviewing the process for evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and directors;
- (c) handling any other matters for which the board is responsible under the Synergy committee charters;

Oversight of financial, operation and capital management

- (a) approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management and acquisitions and divestitures;
- (b) approving operating budgets and monitoring financial performance against the approved budget;
- (c) approving annual financial accounts and reports, including the director's report;

Compliance and risk management

- ensuring Synergy complies with all requirements under the Act and applicable laws, including compliance with duties and obligations under work, health and safety (WHS) laws;
- (b) monitoring the effectiveness of risk management, including by reviewing and approving Synergy's risk management framework and risk appetite statement;
- (c) reviewing and approving, at least annually, Synergy's top material risks (including WHS risks);
- (d) monitoring internal compliance and control, including with respect to the code of conduct and legal compliance; and
- (e) approving and monitoring the effectiveness of Synergy's system of corporate governance practices.



5.2 chair's responsibilities

The Minister must designate a director to be the chairperson of Synergy's board (section 16(1)(a) of the GTE Act). A deputy chair may also be appointed by the Minister (section 16(1)(b) of the GTE Act).

The chair should be an independent director. The roles of the chair and the chief executive officer may not be exercised by the same individual.

The chair's responsibilities include:

- (a) leading the board, ensuring effective contribution by all directors and monitoring performance;
- (b) chairing board meetings;
- (c) establishing the agenda for board meetings in consultation with the chief executive officer;
- (d) ensuring board minutes properly reflect board decisions;
- (e) being the primary point of contact between the board and the chief executive officer;
- (f) providing mentoring for the chief executive officer and being available for consultation with the chief executive officer;
- (g) supervising the process of board and director evaluation;
- (h) authorising the expenses of directors²; and
- (i) in accordance with section 30(1) and section 33(3) of the GTE Act, having a casting vote.

5.3 chief executive officer

The chief executive officer is appointed, and his or her terms and conditions of service are set by the board, with approval of the Minister (section 13(2) of the GTE Act).

The chief executive officer is responsible for the day-to-day management and administration of Synergy in accordance with the strategy, policies and programs approved by the board.

The chief executive officer responsibilities include:

- (a) developing with the board a consensus for Synergy's vision and direction;
- (b) constructing, with Synergy's management team, programs to implement this vision;
- (c) negotiating the terms and conditions of appointment of senior executives for board approval;
- (d) recommending the appointment of senior executives for board approval;
- (e) endorsing the terms and conditions of appointment of all other staff members within the parameters set by the board:

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² The deputy chair will authorise expenses of the chair.



- (f) providing strong leadership to, and effective management of, Synergy to:
 - (i) encourage co-operation and teamwork;
 - (ii) build and maintain staff morale at a high level; and
 - (iii) ensure a safe workplace for all workers and other persons, so far as is reasonably practicable; and
 - (iv) ensure a culture of compliance generally;
- (g) carrying out the day-to-day management of Synergy;
- (h) keeping the board informed of all the significant activities of Synergy;
- ensuring that the agenda and briefing materials for board meetings are professional and complete and prepared and forwarded to directors in a timely and effective manner; and
- (j) ensuring that all personnel act with the highest degree of ethics and probity.

The chief executive officer is formally delegated by the board to authorise all expenditures within approved delegated financial authority limits as approved in the budget, subject to:

- (a) all chief executive officer remuneration, outside of normal monthly remuneration, must be authorised by the chair; and
- (b) all business-related expenses paid to the chief executive officer must be authorised or ratified by the chair.

5.4 individual directors

In accordance with statutory requirements, specifically Part 5, Division 2, sections 45 to 52 of the GTE Act, and in keeping with the common law, directors have the following responsibilities:

- (a) exercise their powers and discharge their duties in good faith and in the best interests of Synergy as a whole:
- (b) use their powers of office for a proper purpose and not for personal advantage or for the benefit of another party;
- (c) notify the board of any interest that could (or could be perceived to) impact on the director's ability to act in Synergy's best interest as soon as the director is aware of that conflict:
- (d) use due care and diligence;
- (e) make a reasonable effort to become and remain familiar with the affairs of Synergy; and
- (f) attend all board meetings and board functions unless they have a valid reason for non-attendance.



5.5 company secretary

The company secretary is generally responsible for carrying out the administrative and legislative requirements of the board. The company secretary holds primary responsibility for ensuring that the board processes and procedures run efficiently and effectively.

The company secretary must be an executive officer appointed in accordance with sections 169 and 43 of the GTE Act.

The specific tasks of the company secretary include:

- (a) overseeing Synergy's legal compliance program and ensuring all company legislative obligations are met;
- (b) supporting the chief executive officer to ensure that the agenda and briefing materials for board meetings are prepared and forwarded to directors in a timely and effective manner;
- (c) recording, maintaining and distributing the submissions and minutes of all board and board committee meetings as required;
- (d) organising board meetings;
- (e) meeting statutory reporting requirements in accordance with relevant legislation;
- (f) monitoring compliance with board policies and standards;
- (g) working with the chair and chief executive officer to establish and maintain best practice corporate governance; and
- (h) any other services the chief executive officer or chair may require.

5.6 accepting positions with other companies

Non-executive directors are entitled to accept positions with other companies. However, directors must observe their duties as set out in the Act, the code of conduct and general law, in accepting a position with another company and in particular, those duties relating to conflicts of interest.

Under section 52 of the GTE Act, if a public service officer is a director:

- (a) his or her duties as a director are to prevail if a conflict arises between those duties and his or her other duties as a public service officer; and
- (b) he or she does not have any immunity of the Crown in respect of the duties and liabilities imposed on directors by the Act



6	MEETINGS		
6.1	meeting frequency	The board will meet as often as appropriate to enable it to discharge its duties to the company, but not less than six times a year (section 28(2) of the GTE Act).	
6.2	authority to call a meeting	Any board member may call a meeting of the board at any time.	
6.3	notice	A notice of each meeting confirming the date, time, venue and agenda must be forwarded to each member of the board at least one week prior to the date of the meeting. The notice for members will include the agenda and relevant supporting papers for the agenda items to be discussed.	
6.4	quorum and casting vote	At any meeting of the board, a number of directors equal to at least half the number of directors in office constitutes a quorum. In the case of equality of votes the person presiding has a casting vote.	
6.5	minutes and committee papers	Minutes of the proceedings and resolutions of board meetings must be kept by the company secretary. Draft minutes must be provided to the chair for approval and distributed to all board members for comment as soon as reasonably possible, but within 7-14 days after the relevant meeting.	
		Supporting papers for each board meeting are distributed by the company secretary or chief executive officer to the board one week before the meeting.	
6.6	attendance	Any person may be invited to attend meetings of the board, but not necessarily for the full duration of the meeting.	
6.7	access to company	The board must have unrestricted access to personnel records, senior management and Synergy information in the possession of management as appropriate.	
6.8	independent professional advice	Subject to the prior consultation with the chair, each director has the right to obtain outside independent professional advice at Synergy's expense and if he or she considers it necessary to secure the attendance of outsiders with relevant experience and expertise. The board may meet with external advisers without management being present.	
6.9	resolution without meeting	The board may pass a resolution without a directors' meeting being held if all directors entitled to vote on the resolution approve the resolution.	
7	COMPOSITION		
7.1	membership	In accordance with section 12 of the GTE Act, the board shall comprise between five and nine directors.	
7.2	independent majority	The majority of directors of Synergy will be independent, non-executive directors and the chair shall be an independent, non-executive director.	



7.3 definition of independent director

An independent director is a non-executive who is not a member of management and who the board considers independent by reference to the following criteria (where applicable):

- (a) is not a member of staff (as required by section 13(3) of the GTE Act):
- (b) has not, within the last 3 years, been employed in an executive capacity by Synergy, or been a director after ceasing to hold any such employment;
- (c) has not, within the last 3 years, been a principal of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to Synergy, or a employee materially associated with services provided to Synergy;
- (d) has no material contractual relationship with Synergy other than as a director of Synergy;
- (e) has not served on the board for a period which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the director's ability to act in the best interests of Synergy; and
- (f) is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the director's ability to act in the best interests of Synergy.
- (g) the board shall ensure that, collectively, it has the appropriate range of expertise or has access to the appropriate range of expertise to properly fulfil its responsibilities.

7.4 review of board composition

The board shall review the range of expertise of its members on an annual basis and ensure that it has access to operational and technical expertise relevant to the overview of the operations of Synergy.

7.5 appointment of directors

Directors are appointed, after consultation with the board, by the Minister (section 13(1) of the GTE Act).

7.6 terms of director appointment

Synergy will ensure, if possible, that the terms and conditions of the appointment and retirement of members of the board be set out in a letter of appointment, which shall include the following matters:

- (a) the term of the appointment (in compliance with section 17(3) of the GTE Act):
- (b) time commitments envisaged;
- (c) the powers and duties of directors;
- (d) any special duties or arrangements attaching to the position;
- (e) circumstances in which an office of director becomes vacant;
- (f) expectations regarding involvement with committee work;
- (g) remuneration and expenses;
- (h) superannuation arrangements;



- (i) the requirement to disclose directors' interests and any matters which affect the director's independence;
- (j) the requirement to comply with key corporate policies;
- (k) Synergy's policy on when directors may seek independent professional advice at the expense of Synergy;
- (I) fellow directors;
- (m) induction, training and continuous education arrangements;
- (n) access to independent professional advice;
- (o) indemnity and insurance arrangements;
- (p) confidentiality and rights of access to corporate information;
 and
- (q) encloses a copy of the GTE Act, the *Electricity Corporations* Act 2005 (WA) and the Salaries and Allowances Act 1975 (WA).

8 BOARD COMMITTEES

8.1 board must establish an audit and risk committee

To assist with the execution of its responsibilities, the board is required under section 27 of the GTE Act, to appoint a committee to assist the board in performing its' audit and risk management functions.

8.2 board may establish committees

To assist with the execution of its responsibilities, the board otherwise has the authority under section 26 of the GTE Act, to establish and determine the powers and functions of the committees of the board.

8.3 established committees

The board has established an audit and risk committee and a human resources and sustainability committee.

8.4 committee charters

Each board committee is governed by a board-approved charter setting out that committee's responsibilities.

8.5 committee powers

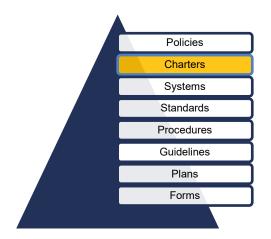
In accordance with board resolution 164.8.7, the board delegates to the human resources and sustainability committee the power to review and approve remuneration and other terms of employment of other executives recommended by the CEO.

The board is free as part of its review of board committee actions to direct a committee to reconsider any decision.

In accordance with board resolution 206.8.5, the board delegates to the audit and risk committee and to the human resources and sustainability committee the power to review and approve non-material changes to relevant Synergy policies.



9 DOCUMENT HIERARCHY AND QUESTIONS



The document hierarchy diagram (left) shows where in the document hierarchy this system sits and how it relates to all other documents in the hierarchy.

Any questions or feedback related to this document should be directed to the document owner in the first instance.